# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



**Blair Rubber Co.** 5020 Enterprise Parkway Seville, Ohio 44273

#### www.blairrubber.com

Information Telephone: (800) 321-5583 International Telephone: (202) 483-7616 CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

		Product Use: Ce	ENDURABOND 600EP CEMENT					
	Section 2 - Hazards Identification							
GHS Ra	atings							
	Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > $35^{\circ}C$ (95°F)					
	Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >=					
		-	2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation					
	Reproductive toxin	2	Human or animal evidence possibly with other information					
	Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human					
	'		evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5					
			mm $2$ /s at 40° C.					
	Aquatic toxicity	A2	Acute toxicity > 1.00 but <= 10.0 mg/l					
<u>GHS Ha</u>	azards							
	H225	Highly flammable lic	nuid and vapour					
	H304	• •	owed and enters airways.					
	H315	Causes skin irritatio	-					
	H361	Suspected of dama	ging fertility or the unborn child.					
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life.						
<u>GHS Pr</u>	recautions							
	P201	Obtain special instru	uctions before use					
	P202	Do not handle until	all safety precautions have been read and understood					
	P210	Keep away from he	at/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces ? No smoking					
	P233	Keep container tight	tly closed					
	P240	Ground/bond contai	iner and receiving equipment					
	P241	Use explosion-proof	f electrical/ventilating/light/manufacturer/equipment					
	P242 Use only non-sparking tools							
	P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge							
	P264	Wash contact area t	thoroughly after handling.					
	P273	Avoid release to the						
	P280		ves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection					
	P281		ctive equipment as required					
	P321	Specific treatment (	see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)					
	P331	Do NOT induce von	0					
	P362		ed clothing and wash before reuse					
	P301+P310		mmediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician					
	P302+P352		with soap and water					
	P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair Rinse skin with wate	): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. er/shower					
	P308+P313		erned: Get medical advice/attention					

P370+P378 P405 P403+P235 P501 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction Store locked up Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Signal Word: Danger



N/A <u>Conditions Aggravated</u> N/A

#### Chronic Effects

N/A

# Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Toluene	108-88-3	80.00% - 90.00%

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all matterials ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

#### Explosion Hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

N/A

#### **Recommended Fire Equipment**

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Non-emergency personnel:** Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

<u>Emergency responders</u>: See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

<u>Environmental precautions</u>: Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil. Contact APV (**330-773-8911**) for assistance and advice.

**Small Spill:** Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large Spill:** Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

APV requires that CHEMTREC be immediately notified (**800-424-9300**) when this product is unintentionally released from its container during its course of distribution, regardless of the amount released. Distribution includes transportation, storage incidental to transportation, loading and unloading. Such notification must be immediate and made by the person have knowledge of the release.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage temperature-

Minimum:	do not freeze
Maximum:	40°C (104°F)

Storage Period- See technical data sheet.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits	

**Engineering Controls:** Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

Environmental Controls: Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

#### Individual Protection Measures:

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

<u>Respiratory Protection</u>- Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

<u>Skin and Body Protection</u>- Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>- Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Vapor Density: 3.1	U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 6.05
Specific Gravity (SG) 0.889	Odor: Solvent
Odor Threshold: Not determined	Color: Black
Boiling Point: 111°C	Freezing Point: Not determined
Partition coefficient: Not determined	Viscosity: Not determined
pH: N/A	% Weight Solids 18.31
% Volume Solids 16.44	VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 6.05
Flash Point: 39 F,4 C	LEL/UEL: 1% - 7%
Autoignition Temperature: 480°C	Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

Oxidizing agents

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

#### Mixture Toxicity

Oral Toxicity LD50: 3,896mg/kg

#### **Component Toxicity**

LC<sub>50</sub> and LD<sub>50</sub> toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

Possible Route	s of Entry					
Inhalation	Skin (	Contact	Eye Contact	Inge	stion	
Potential Targe	t Organs					
Eyes	Kidneys	Liver	Central Nervous S	System	Skin	Respiratory System
Effects of Over	<u>exposure</u>					
Not Availat	ole					
The following c	omponents	are possible	e carcinogens			
*Materials labeled a	carcinogen in d	ust form are su	pplied in solution, thus elimir	nating the ha	zard	
CAS Numb	er Des	cription			% Weight	Carcinogen Rating
None	<u> </u>				<u>/////olgine</u>	N/A
					Informed the	
			Section 12 - Eco	biogical	Informatic	n
Mixture Ecotox	icity					
		environment	. May cause long term	adverse e	effects.	
Persistence and			, 0			
Bioaccumulative	e potential- N	/A				
Mobility in Soil-	N/A					
Component Eco	otoxicity					
Toluene			96 Hr LC50 Pimepha	les prome	elas: 15.22 - 19	.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old);
			96 Hr LC50 Pimepha	les prome	as: 12.6 mg/L	[static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus
			mykiss: 5 89 - 7 81 m	na/l [flow_	throughl <sup>,</sup> 96 Hi	LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14-1

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static]
96 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static]

### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information				
<u>Agency</u> DOT IATA	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u> ADHESIVES ADHESIVES	<u>UN Number</u> UN1133 UN1133	<u>Packing Group</u> II II	<u>Hazard Class</u> 3 3
IMDG	PKG.INST.Y341,353,364 ADHESIVES EmS: F-E,S-E	UN1133	II	3
Section 15 - Regulatory Information				
The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous Substances 108-88-3 Toluene				
The following chemicals are listed in Section 64 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA) - None				

- The following chemicals are classified by China Environmental Quality Standards for Surface Water None
- The following biocides have been listed as exempt by the European Union and are acceptable for regional use: - None
- The following chemicals have been listed by the EU-End of Life Vehicles (2000/53/EC) (ELV): None
- The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC): None

The following chemcials are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

- None

The following chemicals are listed under the European Union- Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (2012/19/EU) (WEEE)

- None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL) 108-88-3 Toluene

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

108-88-3 Toluene

- The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 108-88-3 Toluene
- The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 108-88-3 Toluene

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

108-88-3 Toluene 80 to 90 % Teratogen

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

108-88-3 Toluene 80 to 90 %

Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are containted within this material:

- None

The following chemicals are listed as a *Hazardous Air Pollutant* under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act) 108-88-3 Toluene

Country	Regulation	All Components Listed
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC	) No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Europe	REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates	Yes
Japan	Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Japan	Japan Inventory of Industrial Saftey and Health Law Substances (ISHL)	No
Korea	Korean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
USA	Toxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
ELL Diek Dhrees		

#### EU Risk Phrases

Not Available

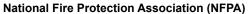
#### Safety Phrase

Not Available

### Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

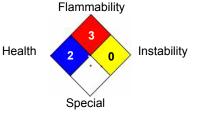
#### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)







#### acional i ne Frotection Association (IN Fr



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not.

Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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